

land with one or two Orange-crowned records in mid-October; a tremendous flight of Myrtle Warblers and numbers of Palm and Yellow Palm Warblers observed. There appear to be few records of stragglers coming in late October.

#### Blackbirds to Sparrows and Finches:

Large flight of Red-wings and Grackles, October 22 with large flocks singing in leafy treetops, Seaford, Wantagh. Scarlet Tanager left early; few Cardinal reports as fall advanced; one record, Blue Grosbeak, Westhampton, September 2; records of Dickcissel in mid-September to mid-October, Jones Beach and Montauk. First Junco, Freeport, September 15; first White-throated Sparrow, Idlewild, September 17; maximum White-crowned Sparrow, 40 at Montauk, October 14. Acadian Sharp-tail Sparrow present at Jones Beach, October 14. Two records, one of Clay-colored Sparrow at Jones Beach, September 24 and one of Brewer's Sparrow, Montauk, October 14, were claimed by two different groups of observers. The first and only Lapland Longspur record comes from Jones Beach with one individual on October 8.--John S. Elliott, 3994 Park Ave., Seaford, L. I., New York.

### REGION 9--CENTRAL

Fall migration has been quite spotted and varied possibly as a result of unusual weather conditions. Small numbers of Horned Grebe are now in evidence as are Pied-billed Grebe and an occasional Holboell Grebe as of October 22. Great Blue Heron were also present on above date. American Egret were still present in small numbers at Montezuma Marsh on September 30.

A noticeable increase in southward movement of several species of birds such as Grackles, Red-wing Blackbird, Robin Bluebird, and Canada Geese were noted following the first hard freeze about October 15. Canada Geese are now present in fairly large numbers, the first flock being noted October 8. There are still many Grackles, and Red-winged Blackbirds present in the Cayuga and Seneca Lake area. One small flock of Rusty Blackbirds was seen October 22.

Ducks of all species appear to be scarce thus far. Of the species present Redheads and Canvas-backs occur in largest numbers. Baldpate, Pintails, American Golden-eye, Bufflehead, and Ring-necked Duck are present in very limited numbers (October 22). Greater and Lesser Scaup are conspicuously absent. Numerous Coot and a few immature Florida Gallinules were still present at Montezuma and two Greater Yellow-legs were seen October 22. Black-capped Chickadee, Brown Creeper, Golden and Ruby-crowned Kinglet, Catbird, Pipit, and Meadowlark have been seen during the period of October 6-15. Pipits are still present in small flocks, as are Killdeer and Prairie Horned Lark, (October 19-22).

Warbler migration has been light and continued over an extended period. A few dates are as follows: August 31, Black-throated Blue, Cape May, Blackburnian, Bay-breasted, Western Palm, and Wilson's were reported. September 30, Myrtle and Chestnut-sided Warblers were seen. No large waves of migrating warblers have been reported in the central New York area by local observers.

Movement of White-throat and White-crowned Sparrows was noted October 15. An occasional Vesper Sparrow was noted on the same date. Slate-colored Junco also showed up in numbers at this time.--

Foster L. Gambrell, 288 La Fayette Ave., Geneva, N. Y.

## CLUB PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES

News from Buffalo Audubon Society, Inc., tells of their recent affiliation as a branch member of the National Audubon Society. To this may be added that they are also members of the Buffalo Society of Natural Sciences, the Conservation Forum of Western New York, the S. P. C. A. and the Pymatuning Group.

Each year together with the Buffalo Ornithological Society a scholarship is given to a deserving person to the Audubon Nature Camp at Hog Island, Maine.

With the Buffalo Museum the Society brings the Screen Tour series each year. If any Federation members are in